ETHIOPIA





HUMAN RIGHTS AT THE HEART OF RESPONSE

Relevance of human rights recommendations in responding to the pandemic

OHCHR aims to put human rights at the heart of the response of States, UN partners, civil society and the private sector to COVID-19. It focuses on supporting six priority areas: 1. Respect for all human rights and addressing specific issues which might be less visible or more sensitive; 2. Vulnerable people and groups; 3. Participation, inclusion and access to information; 4. Economic and social rights; 5. Integrating human rights into the UN system response; and 6. UN Human Rights Mechanisms contribution to COVID-19 response.

The graph shows recommendations addressed to Ethiopia by the UN Human Rights Mechanisms, the Universal Periodic Review, the Special Procedures mandate holders and the Treaty Bodies in the 5 years prior to the pandemic, which OHCHR assesses as particularly relevant in responding to the pandemic in an inclusive and sustainable way. All recommendations addressed to Ethiopia can be found at the Universal Human Rights Index at https://uhri.ohchr.org/.

Combat poverty among vulnerable groups and ensure they benefit from economic growth

Strengthen social protection, in particular for children, women with disabilities and older persons

Increase access to economic development for women, indigenous and pastoral tamilies

(CESCR; CEDAVV; CRC; UPR)



Strengthen food security strategy, particularly in rural areas

Address chronic malnutrition of children, particularly in remote areas

(CESCR; CRC; UPR)



Improve access to health care, including for women, children with disabilities and in street situations

Address significant rural and urban disparities in health-care provision

(CRC; CEDAVV; CRPD; CESCR; UPR)





Guarantee access to quality education, including for vulnerable groups and those in rural areas

Eliminate structural barriers to the enrolment of children in vulnerable situations

(CEDAVV; CRC; CRPD; UPR)

marginalized Investigate excessive use of force by law enforcement officials, and hold perpetrators to account

Widen civic space and protect the rights to freedom of expression and press freedom

Improve conditions of detention

and consider alternatives to deprivation of liberty

Combat and investigate all abuses and exploitation of

children, in particular most

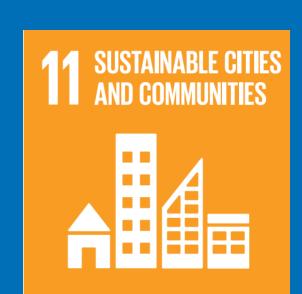
(CRC; CRPD; CEDAW; SR on FOE; UPR)





Enhance availability and accessibility of public services and develop community-based services for persons with disabilities

(CESCR; CRPD; UPR)







Strengthen framework to achieve equality between men and women in law and practice

Combat gender discriminatory practices and stereotypes

Prevent and protect women and girls from physical, emotional and sexual abuses and harmful practices

(CEDAVV; CRC; CRPD; UPR)



Improve accessibility to safe drinking water and sanitation, in particular in rural areas and refugee centres (CESCR)

Tackle stigma and discrimination against persons affected by leprosy, persons living with HIV

Promote intercultural and religious dialogue, including among ethnic groups

Protect rights of ethnic groups, migrants, refugees, internally displaced persons and persons with disabilities

(CESCR; CRPD; UPR)





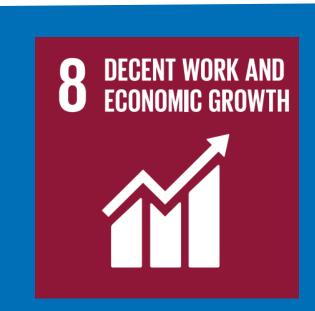
LEAVE NO ONE BEHIND

Protect persons with disabilities from abuse and guarantee equal access to human rights

Protect marginalized children, including children with disabilities, minority children, refugee children and street children

Protect refugees and IDPs from all forms of violence and abuse

(CRPD; CEDAVV; CESCR; CRC; UPR)



Enhance access to decent work for the most disadvantaged and marginalized

Protect children from economic exploitation, including worst forms of child labour

Establish minimum wage and enforce principle of equal pay for work of equal value

(CESCR; CRPD; CEDAVV; CRC; UPR)