Survey regarding your organisation's work against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity

The High Commissioner for Human Rights is currently collecting information from states and organisations on the topic "Preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity and Human Rights". Thank you for your contribution to this process. This survey has a total of 30 questions divided into five parts and takes about 15-25 minutes to be completed. Thank you again for your participation and for submitting your contribution by 30th of January at the latest.

1. Does your organisation (directly or indirectly) reach out to the following groups in your work against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity? *

	Yes	No	Don't know
Adolescents	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Ethnic and racial minorities	\circ		\bigcirc
Indigenous women	\bigcirc		
Women with disabilities			\circ
Sex workers	\bigcirc		\circ
Women living with HIV/AIDS		\bigcirc	\circ
Women living in underserved areas and other stigmatized and excluded populations			0
Poor women			\circ
LGBTIQ-persons	\bigcirc		\circ
Trafficked and sexually exploited women and girls	\circ		\circ
Female prisoners	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Women and girls living in conflict situations (including refugees, stateless persons, asylum seekers, undocumented migrants, displaced women or other women affected by war.)	0		0

2. If you answer yes, please indicate how you reach them.

We reach them through community outreaches and our media platforms

3. Can women and girls participate (i.e. being able to contribute and

influence) in processes concerning planning, implementation and

assessment of your strategies and activities against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity? *
Yes
O No
O Don't know
4. If yes, how?
Young women and girls participate in membership activities which include designing and hosting of radio and TV shows; serving on the Board, working in the staff and management of the organisation. Curious Minds is building a feminist wing of the organisation which is working on women and girl's rights and empowerment.
5. If not, why?
6. Can your organisation participate (i.e. being able to contribute and influence) in State-led processes concerning planning, budgeting, implementation and assessment of strategies against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity? *
Yes
O No
O Don't know

7. If yes, how?

Curious Minds has participated in the Ghana delegation as youth representative to some previous CPDs. We participate in committees and consultations around maternal health which is sanctioned by state institutions such as the Ghana Health Service and the National **Population Council**

8.	lf	not,	why?
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Survey regarding your organisation's work against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity, part 2

9. Does your organisation provide/advocate for the following interventions for combating preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity: *

	Yes	No	Don't know
Family Planning Services		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Prevention and management of STIs		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Prevention and management of HIV/AIDS	•	\circ	\circ
Management of unintended pregnancies	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Access to safe and legal abortion services	•	\circ	\bigcirc
Post-abortion care	•	\circ	\bigcirc
Appropriate antenatal care	•	\circ	\circ
Detection of domestic violence	•	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Management of prelabour rupture of membranes and preterm labour			\bigcirc
Induction of labour for prolonged pregnancy	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Prevention, management of post-partum haemorrhage	0	•	0
Caesarean sections	\circ	•	\circ
Appropriate post-partum care	\bigcirc		\circ
Newborn care	•	0	\circ

10. If yes, how?

These issues are raised in on the media advocacy platforms that we run as well as working with partner on community sensitization activities.

11. If not, why?

12. Does your organisation provide/advocate for the following medicines in your work towards combating preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity? *

	Yes	No	Don't know
Oxytocics	\circ		\circ
Antibiotics	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Misoprostol and Mifepristone	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Magnesium sulphate	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
Anti-retroviral medications and testing kits		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Anti-malarial medications (if relevant)		\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Contraceptive methods, including condoms, hormonal methods and intrauterine devices			\circ

13. Identify the three most important reasons behind adolescent pregnancy in your context. Does your organisation have some strategy for addressing those reasons? Please share your experiences.

First reason is the lack of comprehensive sexuality education in all schools in Ghana. We are working with partners on different advocacy projects, platforms and networks to ensure that CSE is universally provided in all basic and second cycle schools in Ghana.

Second is low access and unaffordability of contraception. We advocate on our media platforms for progressive access and affordability of contraceptives especially for the rural and urban poor.

Third is poverty and low income of family of adolescents. We advocate with other partners for pro-poor policies to favour young women and girls to access better education and decent employment.

14. Please complete the following sentences: When fighting preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity, to what extent is your organisation/staff affected by... *

	1 (totally free from)	2	3	4	5 (severly affected by)
Intimidation	\bigcirc			\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Harassment		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Stigma	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\circ	\circ
Violence		\circ	0	\circ	\bigcirc
Legal prosecution			\circ	\circ	

15. Please complete the following sentences: When fighting preventable
Maternal Mortality and Morbidity, to what extent are your patients/target
groups affected by *

	1 (totally free from)	2	3	4	5 (severly affected by)
Intimidation	\bigcirc		0	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Harassment	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Stigma	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		\circ	\bigcirc
Violence	•	\bigcirc	\circ	\circ	\circ
Legal prosecution				\circ	

16. Complete the following sentence: My organisation is able to guarantee full confidentiality to all patients/visitors *

	1	2	3	4	5	
Fully agree						Fully disagree

17. Has your organisation been affected by restrictive funding policies having a negative impact on preventing Maternal Mortality and Morbidity? Explain how and your strategies on this issue.

Technical guidance on reducing preventable Maternal Morbidity and **Mortality**

18. Are you familiar with the "Technical guidance on the application of a

human rights-based approach to the implementation of policies and programmes to reduce preventable Maternal Morbidity and Mortality"
(A/HRC/21/22)? A link to the document can be found here:
http://www2.ohchr.org/english/issues/women/docs/A.HRC.21.22_en.pdf *
O Yes
No
O Don't know
19. If yes, has the technical guidance assisted your organisation in building enhanced understanding of the requirements of a human rights- based approach on this regard?
O Yes
No
O Don't know
20. If yes, please indicate the impact that such enhanced understanding has had for the design and implementation of your policies and programmes in this area.
No
Laws and policies on preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity.

21. What is your opinion about the current legislative, policy and regulatory measures addressing preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity in your context? *

	Not existing	Insufficent	Sufficient	Satisfactory	Don't know
Official policy on Sexual and Reproductive Health	0	0	•	0	0
Official policy on combating preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity	0		•	0	0
Official policy on Comprehensive Sexuality Education, specially for women and adolescent girls	0				0
Official accountability mechanisms against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity?					0
Inclusion of sexual and reproductive health strategy in national plans on public health?	0			0	0
Inclusion of maternal health strategy in national plans on public health?	0	\circ		0	0

22. What are some of the major obstacles hindering women and girls to seek help, information and services for preventing Maternal Mortality and Morbidity in your context?

Affordability and accessibility of contraceptives and service, lack of knowledge on the liberality of abortion laws in Ghana, stigma, traditional and religious barriers, weak enforcement of law on domestic violence.

23. What are the major obstacles hindering: *

	Economical issues	Lack of information	Legal and/or political restrictions	Stigma	Don't know
Availability of interventions and medicines against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity?					0
Accessibility of interventions and medicines against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity?					0
Acceptability of interventions and medicines against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity?					0
Quality of interventions and medicines against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity?	0	0	0	0	•

24. Please share good practices and strategies for increasing knowledge on effective interventions against preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity among most vulnerable groups, public servants and other stakeholders.

Peer education, media advocacy and sensitization, community outreaches and campaigning.

25. In your opinion, which state and non-state actors can promote or hinder the policies and activities addressing preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity in your context? Why?

The Ghana Health Service and National Population Council are promoting and adequately addressing maternal mortality and morbidity issues. The Ghana Education Service seem to hinder condom demonstration in schools which could leave to adolescent pregnancy and unsafe abortions.

Preventable Maternal Mortality and Morbidity in humanitarian settings

- 26. Does your organisation work on preventing Maternal Mortality and Morbidity in humanitarian settings? *
- Yes
- Don't know

27. If you answered yes to the previous question, please indicate whether the following medicines, services and information are available in humanitarian settings you work in?

	Yes/fully	Sometimes/insufficiently	No/never	Don't know
Family Planning Services	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\circ
Prevention and management of STIs	\circ		0	\circ
Prevention and management of HIV/AIDS	\circ		0	\circ
Management of unintended pregnancies	\circ		0	\circ
Access to safe and legal abortion services	\circ		0	0
Post-abortion care	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Appropriate antenatal care	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	\circ
Detection of domestic violence	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Management of prelabour rupture of membranes and preterm labour	0		0	
Induction of labour for prolonged pregnancy	\bigcirc		\circ	\bigcirc
Prevention, management of post-partum haemorrhage	0		0	
Caesarean sections	\bigcirc		\bigcirc	
Appropriate post- partum care	\bigcirc		\circ	\bigcirc
Newborn care	\bigcirc		\circ	\bigcirc
Oxytocics	\bigcirc		\circ	\circ
Antibiotics		\bigcirc		

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