**ADVANCE QUESTIONS TO THE PHILIPPINES (SECOND BATCH)**

**UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND**

* Given that justice has yet to be served for thousands of extra judicial killings, what concrete steps will the Government of the Philippines take to end impunity and hold to account perpetrators of extra judicial killings, including those committed by members of law enforcement during the War on Drugs?
* In light of the recommendation by the UN Resident Coordinator to Philippines at the recent Human Rights Council, will the government develop a comprehensive national action plan on human rights (2023-2027), in consultation with key partners, including civil society?
* Against the backdrop of common and wide-spread threats faced by human rights defenders in the Philippines, will the new government prioritise the passage of the Human Rights Defenders Act as adopted by the House of Representatives in January 2022, or other legislation with similar aims, and put an immediate end to Red Tagging?
* With challenges posed globally and in the Philippines by the phenomenon of modern slavery will the government take measures to ratify the Protocol of 2014 to the Forced Labour Convention of the International Labour Organization?
* Given the chilling effect that lengthy criminal sentences for libel and cyber libel cases has on media freedom, will the government consider decriminalising libel and cyber-libel cases, and making these civil offences instead?

**SLOVENIA**

* What steps is the Philippines taking to strengthen enforcement of protected environmental areas and Indigenous domains against illegal logging, fishing and mining operations?

**CANADA (additional questions)**

* What steps is the Philippines taking to protect the rights of free speech of journalists and human rights defenders? How is the Philippines ensuring the prevention of the practice of red-tagging?

**PORTUGAL on behalf of the Group of Friends of NMIRFs**

* Could the State-under-review describe its national mechanism or process responsible for coordinating the implementation of accepted UPR recommendations and the monitoring of progress and impact?
* Has the State-under-review established a dedicated ‘national mechanism for implementation, reporting and follow-up’ (NMIRF) covering UPR recommendations, but also recommendations/observations generated by the UN human rights Treaty Bodies, the Special Procedures and relevant regional mechanisms, which, *inter alia*, clusters all the above, manages them in national databases, coordinates implementation actions across government, monitors progress and impact, and then streamline reporting procedures back to the UN? If so, could the State-under-review briefly share its experience on creating such mechanism, including challenges faced and lessons learnt, as well as any plans or needs to strengthen the NMIRF in the future?