



January 15, 2024

Re: To inform the Secretary-General's analytical study on the impact of loss and damage from the adverse effects of climate change on the full enjoyment of human rights, exploring equity-based approaches and solutions to addressing the same, to be presented at the Human Rights Council at its fifty-seventh session.

Dear Secretary-General,

The problem of climate change's negative effects resulting into loss and damage with respect to human rights could impact the full enjoyment of human rights is an issue that the Human Rights Council deals with as a matter of priority. Here are some key points regarding this subject matter.

Recognition of Importance:

Climate change is acknowledged as a threat to human rights by the HRC. This includes aspects such as hurricanes, floods and wildfires, which are extreme weather events; as well as slower-onset events such as rising sea levels and changing ecosystems.

International Cooperation:

The member states should cooperate widely in dealing with the adverse impacts of climate change. The focal point should be on scaling up financing, technology transfer and capacity building in critical areas. Mitigation measures and adaptation actions alike require adequate resources.

Urgency of Action:

A sense of urgency has been reflected in the resolution. This urgency is particularly stressed in relation to financial support, technology transfer, and capacity-building. Developing countries especially those that are highly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change need prompt action.

Human Rights And Climate Change:

"Human rights and climate change" is adopted through Resolution 53/6 which highlights that these two concepts are interrelated. This resolution recognizes that there is a need to critically examine how climate induced damages directly impact upon realization of human rights.

Equity-Based Approaches:

The study required by the resolution will specifically look into equity-based approaches. This may involve evaluating fairness and justice in addressing challenges posed by climate change. An

equity-based approach ensures that proposed solutions consider vulnerable populations who are frequently hit harder by these challenges within their countries.

Consultation With Stakeholders:

It is mandatory for Secretary-General to carry out a consultative process according to this resolution. This includes working with member states and other relevant stakeholders. Aiming at comprehensively informing the analytical study, diverse perspectives and insights should be sought for.

Presentation at the Human Rights Council:

The findings and recommendations emanating from the analytic study will be made available to the Human Rights Council during its fifty-seventh session. This presents an opportunity for member states to deal collectively with human rights challenges occasioned by climate change.

In summary, a comprehensive approach would involve acknowledging the urgency of addressing climate change impacts, recognizing the interconnectedness of climate change and human rights, as well as ensuring equity-based solutions that look into the needs of vulnerable populations. In this regard, consultation through Secretary-General and presentation at Human Rights Council are seen as collaborative