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The 23rd session of the Intergovernmental Working Group on the Right to Development: (FIRST STATEMENT)

 Amb. Dr. HAISSAM BOU-SAID (IHRC Ambassador / Special Permanent Representative to Geneva)

Development plans and policies are based on the rights and duties stipulated in international law, such as civil, cultural, political and social rights, which requires directing human rights principles to international development cooperation, where the human rights-based development approach reflects the following indicators:

- Ensuring cooperation programs, policies, and assistance technical assistance for the promotion of human rights.

- Cooperation activities in the field of development in all sectors and at all stages of the development process.

The contribution of development cooperation to enhancing the fulfillment of human rights.

 Accordingly, we see that there are international problems. It is inconceivable that an international treaty for the right to development will be approved, as well as the implementation and implementation of this right on the ground. Therefore, an amendment must be made to the current strategy adopted by developing and least developed countries in their efforts to promote the right to development. Therefore, we believe that negotiations should be made with developed countries, as well as involving non-national companies, major international financial institutions and civil society organizations in this process, and avoiding limiting The issue of development in human rights to create a balance between national and international responsibilities, and to arrange priorities according to their local circumstances.

We conclude that it must also work to get out of these problems by defining common priorities and focusing on the agreed upon foundations that help achieve the enjoyment of each individual's right to development.

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The 23rd session of the Intergovernmental Working Group on the Right to Development: (SECOND STATEMENT)

 Amb. Dr. HAISSAM BOU-SAID (IHRC Ambassador / Special Permanent Representative to Geneva)

Progress in the promotion and realization of the right to development is integrated If we take the main pillars of the human resource development process, which indicate in the United Nations reports that human resource development focuses on three main axes, as follows:

1- That people live a long and healthy life (disease free)

2- To acquire knowledge (learning).

3- To obtain the necessary resources for a decent standard of living.

The world today also lives in a state of inequality between developed or rich countries and developing or poor countries, and the widening gap between them, as well as the spread of poverty, famine, epidemics and deadly diseases in a large sector of the world, in addition to the problems of environmental pollution and the problem of Covid, which has become a threat to health and human life On the face of the globe, and through the previous presentation, the following most important results and recommendations can be drawn:

1- Paying more attention to the development of human resources, and focusing initially on the basic needs represented in: providing food, health care, education, and establishing a special national fund for these three rights.

2- Inclusion of the right to development within an international treaty, and its inclusion within the national legislative system.

3- Strengthening cooperation relations and exchanging experiences with countries in the field of setting and managing development programs

4- Reliance on planning in the field of human resource development, and the harm of building this planning on the basis of a comprehensive framework with economic, social and cultural dimensions.